REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

the Barge Office to-day two men who have been fighting as officers in the Boer army,

and who came here on the French line

Kano, a Boer, and Peter F. Oates, an Irish-

gade, and when Pretoria surrendered they

"We have come out here," said Oates, "to

is no place for an Irishman. Things down

there are worse than ever before. Generals

men as long as they want to. The men are

going to fight to the last. Some of the

Generals have been offered large bribes, but

the English money has been refused with

South Africa under English rule

HE TRAVELED WITH A GILBERT GATES TWO BOER OFFICERS COME FIVE YEARS AFTER THE ALLEGED MURDER.

The Reverned C. A. Emmons of Mount Vernon, Mo., Tells of the Trip.

HIS DESCRIPTION AGREES.

Fits Well the Man Whose Murder Was Charged to Alexander Jester.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

New London, Mo., Aug. 16 .- Some days ago Sheriff Richard Jones, who entertained Alexander Jester in the County Jail for so many months, received a letter from the Reverend C. A. Emmons of Mount Vernon, Mo., asking for the address of the elder Gates and the steel and wire king, John W.

The Sheriff turned the inquiry over to J. O. Allison, one of Jester's attorneys. Mr. Allison gave the Reverend Mr. Emmons the knew about the case. The clergyman's reply follows in full:

Honorable J. O. Allison, New London, Mo .- Dear Sir: Your letter was received several days ago, and in reply will say that I had been reading the newspaper accounts of the trial of Alexander Jester, charged with the murder of Gilbert Gates, in the year of 1871, and, while the name of the latter seemed familiar to me, yet for the life of me I could not recall when I met a person answering to that name. And it was only the day before the verdict was rendered that the whole thing came to my mind like a flash. And while what I here relate may not have any bearing on the case, yet had the verdict been other than acquittal I should certainly have communicated it immediately, as from the evidence it would be difficult for me to believe that Jester was guilty as charged.

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE EMMONS LETTER.

Alexander Jester was tried twice on a charge of having murdered Gilbert Gates in 1871, in Missouri. His second trial, twenty-nine years after the supposed

crime, ended recently at New London, Mo., in a verdict of acquittal. The body of Gates never was found. It was the contention of the prosecution that Gates was killed near, Paris, Mo., and the body thrown into a creek, Jester steadfastly maintained that though he had in his possession Gates's wagen and

team, he had bought them, and that so far as he knew Gates gijj was alive. Now comes the Reverend C. A. Emmons of Mount Vernon, Mo., a member of the Southwest Misseuri Conference, M. E. Church, and says that in 1875-five years after Gates was said to have been murdered—he traveled overland two weeks with a Gilbert Gates, whose description, given by Mr. Emmons, tallies with the description of the Gilbert Gutes whose murder was charged,

Mr. Emmons says that all through the trial he was troubled by an clusive recollection of the name "Gates"; that only the day before the verdict was rendered did all the facts present themselves clearly to his memory and that had the verdict been "guilty" he would have presented his evidence to save the aged

"In the spring of 1876, with my family and brother-in-law, W. Smith Vaugha, who is now dead, I left Callaway County, Missouri, for Texas, traveling overland by wagon. Somewhere about Fort Smith, Ark., we fell in with a man driving a four-mule team who was also on his way to Texas. With him there was a young woman whom desired information and asked what he he claimed as his wife. She appeared to be about 18 years of age. They had one child, a little boy about 2 years old. There was also with them a young man, some 17 or 18 years of age, whom they called Sam. I do not know that I heard them call his surname. They claimed that he was not related to either the man or his wife, though I remember I thought there was some resemblance between him and the

"The owner of the wagon and team told me that his name was Gates, and I heard his wife call him Gilbert perhaps as many as fifty times during the time we traveled together, which was perhaps as long as two weeks. Gates was, at that time, a man 24 or 25 years old, and from my recollection of him now I should judge something near 6 feet high, with fairly good-sized frame, inclined to what men call raw-bone. He were no beard, had brown hair and tolerably large brown eyes. He was inclined to be profane in his speech, especially when irritated, and while pleasant and compan-

ionable, he was not communicative about "He said nothing whatever, that I now remember, either about his business or his antecedents. In fact, about all I got out of him directly was that he came from

Missouri and was going to Texas. "His wife, however, told mine that they traveled most of the time and had had several trips back and forth between these two States. Further than that, respecting themselves or their business, they were not

"We parted after reaching Texas, I think about Clarasville, Red River County, I turning off to visit my brother in Hopkins County, and he going on, bound, as he told me, for Brewn County, on the Colorado River, in Western Texas. That is the last I ever heard of him. I have thought perhaps ever heard of him, I have thought perhaps this is the same Gilbert Gates whom Joster was charged with murdering; at least agreeing in description with that of the missing boy, except in size and age, so far as I remember the evidence, and this also harmonizes when you consider that when I saw this man it was four or five years later than when last seen by his friends. That you may rely on the truthfulness of every word here written, I will ach that I am a member, and have been for fifteen years, of the Southwest Missouri Conference of the M. E. Church, South, any member of which will youch for my veracity. Yours truly, will vouch for my vernelty. Yours truly, "C. A. EMMONS, "Mount Vernen, Mo., Aug. 12, 1900."

Whittico's Confession. Morse and Hickman, Whittico made and signed the following confession:
"My name is Sidney Whittice, If you think it's best to tell it straight, I will begin entrance into the office next to Powers's. at the first and tell it all. The Drennans are wealthy people, while I am a poor man. I was a barber at the time we were married. After we were married they were me, and they drove me mad. I was crazy that I have been a good, faithful and true husband, and she has never wanted for anything. I wanted to leave the night before we were married, but they threatened to have me arrested if I attempted to get away. I had to leave my home, my mother,

my father, my brother and my sisters; for after I married this girl they would not et me come around,
"We lived in the country, about two miles from her father's place, since April 5. One of her sisters wanted her to leave me and wrote me a letter and signed another girl's name to it. She wrote the letter at a time when I was not at home and she knew that my wife would get it, which would cause trouble. One week ago last Monday my field, where I went to secure work, as work was very scarce in the country. I secured a position with the extra gang on the railroad. They returned to my home where they said they would stay until Saturday, when they could return. I went out to work Tuesday morning, but they laid me to work, and I went back home. "When I returned home my wife had gone out to collect some money that was coming to me, and when she returned I was lying on the bed reading a paper When she came in we spoke to each other She was always good and kind to me. She

went out to get a drink, and the first thing I knew she was going down the road in a buggy with her little brother. I could not understand what had happened, and I went to my father-in-law's house and asked what was the matter with her. She informed me that she had received a letter for me from another girl, and that was the Intended to Kill His Wife.

"I helped them load up her things and take them home, and then went back to Springfield Tuesday night. I stayed in Springfield until Saturday night. I was crazy. I walked out to the Drennan home and arrived there about 6 o'clock Sunday morning. My intention then was to kill my wife and then kill myself. She was my wife and then kill myself. sitting in the window when I went up, and I snapped the revolver at her twice, but it would not go off. They both saw me and started to run, and as they went through the door I shot my sister-in-law, and I am sorry for it, for she is the best one in the

"After I shot I ran into the house, and my wife ran into the parlor and locked door, and I could not get to her. I want to say that I never exchanged a shot with any of the farmers. The loads in the gun were not good. I tried to shoot myself with it, but failed. I then went down on the river, where there were some fishermen, and from there I went to Springfield and tried to buy something to kill myself, but the druggist would not sell me anything. I then concluded to get away if I could. I then went to Clinton, after I left Spring-field. I was in no cornfield, as the papers say, I arrived here about II o'clock last night, and was in a car asleep, and did not wake until about 7 o'clock this morning. I then went to a restaurant and got my breakfast. I went down the track to catch a train, and they caught me. I know this shock will kill my old mother," he said. breaking into tears, "but I don't want people to worry themselves to death over me. I was well respected until I married this

Last Call.

Old Settlers at Dunkel's Grove.

part in many of the prominent engagements and always gave a good account of itself. At the end it was reduced to a small force. We lost heavily in the retreat to Johannesburg, and in the fighting which took place in that vicinity we were under

to join the Boer fighting forces. They were

TO SETTLE IN AMERICA.

They Want To-Work of the Irish Brigade.

New York, Aug. 16.-There were taken to a part of the Dublin Fusiliers.

some noted commanders, sections of the Johannesburg and Krugersdorp forces being under Colonel Lynch "I saw President Kruger just before he Botha and De Wet can hold out with 19,000 left Pretoria, and he was looking in good health. When I saw him he was at his

headquarters, which were in a railroad car-

vent a surprise by the enemy, or an attempt to capture him. He is going to fight

that Henry Youtsey said Goebel could be killed from Powers's office and the assassin could run down into the basement and never be discovered. A few seconds after the shooting it is proved that Youtsey did run down into the basement, out through the barber shop and back through the cast entrance into the office next to Powers's."

When Bradley had concluded, J. H. Tinsley of Barboursville began for the defense He said that one fact stood out above every

When Bradley had concluded, J. H. Tins other in this case and that was that Powers was not within fifty miles of Frankfort when the shot was fired, had locked his office before he left and no one was locked in it; that he could not possibly have known

from.

Attorney Golden was specially bitter in his denunciation of his own brother-in-law, the Reverend J. T. Stamper, and said: "He is a preacher, it is said, but if you could take the lid from the hottest pit of hell you would find just such people as Stamper in it. Law-yer Tinsley said one thing in his speech, and the Reverend Mr. Stamper swore directly the opposite, and if you jurymen have any doubt whether he is lying, I will throw in Lawyer Sinciair and let you draw straws or the nar.

In referring to the way the defense has leaped abuse on Colonel Tom Campbell, he

The Goebel brothers are being abused for Campbell; but I want to say that whatever may be said about Campbell, he has been hitting the bull's eye in this case right along. We admit that we have imported hitting the buil's eye in this case right along. We admit that we have imported Campbell from another State, but the defense must admit that they have exported Taylor and Finley."

Golden concluded at 3 o'clock, and on motion of the defense, in order that Colonel W. C. Owens's speech might not be interrupted, court adjourned until 6:30, so he could complete his speech to-night.

Owens for the Defense.

Colonel Owens made by far the best speech to-night that has been made for the defense. He went into the testimony in detail and told the jury that Caleb Powers could not be convicted on statements of co-conspirators, and said that the testimony of neither Culton and Nogles nor Golden had compared Colonel Campbell's schooling of witnesses to the training of animals by a professor of dog and horse shows. He said he wished the books of the \$100,000 reward commission could show the promises made for convictions, as he would bet the whole amount could not be paid by the \$100,000. He was dramatte in declaring that he would not hang a dog on the vile testimony introduced by the prosecution. If a night session is held to-morrow night the whole argument will conclude with the speech of Mr. Franklin, the Commonwealth's attorney.

HENRY YOUTSEY ILL. Georgeiewn, Ky., Aug. 15.—Henry Yout-sey, the alleged conspirator, whose case will be tried next, is quite ill in jail here. He may be too sick to go to trial.

LAWLESSNESS AT NOME.

Firebugs, Thieves and Highway Robbers Hold High Carnival. Seattle, Wash., Aug. 16.-The criminal element is again in the saidle at Nome, according to passengers who arrived from the North by the Centennial to-day.

For a week or more prior to that vessel's departure, thugs, thieves and firebugs had kept the city in a state of suppressed excitement, and talk of lynching was to be citement, and talk of lynching was to be heard on every street corner. The crimes were apparently the work of an organized gang, which carried on its operations systematically, regardless of the military. The greatest indignation has been aroused by the discovery and frustration of at least three attempts to burn the city, and a rumor was in circulation on the streets that gang of firebugs had planned to start a gang of brebugs had planned to start fires in various parts of the city simultane-ously and loot the banks, shops and stores during the progress of a general conflagra-tion. The local columns of the newspapers were full of accounts of the doings of high-way robbers, burglars, pickpockets and in-cendiaries.

BUG IN HIS EAR.

Sounded Like a Sawmill for Two Days.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL,

REPUBLIC SPECIAL,
Winstead, Conn., Aug. 15.—John O'Meara
of Canasn, a brakeman on the Poughkeepsle branch, was driven almost crazy by a
bug. While switching cars at Canaan,
twenty miles west of here, the insect flew
so deep into O'Meara's car that Doctor Lee
was unable to get it out. so deep into O meara's ear that Doctor Lee was unable to get it out.

O'Meara was taken to Hartford yesterday and Doctor St. John extracted the bug, which was still alive after being imprisoned nearly two days. O'Meara said his head sounded like a buzz-saw. He was unable to sleep and suffered terrible pain.

They Say That Botha and De Wet Can Hold Out as Long as

HALF RATES CHICAGO



CHICAGO & ALTON

Going August 25th to 29th, 1900-Liberal Return Limits.

MORNING, NOON, NIGHT & MIDNIGHT Trains St. Louis to Chicago.

"THE ONLY WAYS, CARLETON BUILDING. TICKET OFFICE SINTH AND GLAYE.

D. BOWES, Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt. C. & A. Ry., St. Louis, Mo.

WATERS PIERCE CASE.

Attorney General Smith Confers

vent a surprise by the enemy, or an atter the tribinen who have been fighting out in the transpose of the present the Chiefs of the last, and has no idea of surrender as soon as they not in Boer territory. They troe up their Red Cross badges as soon as they not in Boer territory. They troe up their Red Cross badges as soon as they not in Boer territory. They troe up their Red Cross badges as soon as they not in Boer territory. They troe up their Red Cross badges as soon as they not in Boer territory. They had an advantage. The war was unjust, and so in the last, and has no idea of surrender. The first batch of Irish prisoners captured by the Boers asked to be allowed.

SIDNEY WHITICO

GAUGHT NEAR PANA.

BITTER SPEECHES

IN POWERS CASE

Attorney Golden Caustically Denomined the Family Troubles.

Attorney Golden Caustically Denomined His Brother-in-Law, The Rev. J. T. Stamper.

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LAWYER CAMPBELL DEFENDED.

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Lawyer Campbell Defended His Brother-in-Law, The Rev. J. T. Stamper.

Prisoner Regrets Miss Drennan's Death.

Pana, Ill., Ang. 16.—Sidney Whittico, the Golden Caustically Denomined His Brother-in-Law, The Rev. J. T. Stamper.

Owens for the Exportation was the edition of the Washington Company's existence and action in Texas have become a line of the Washington Company's existence and action in Texas have become a line of the Washington

address was sensational on account of her denunciation of President McKinley and the Republican administration. It was as vigor-ous and fierce as would characterize the denunciation of President McKinley and the Republican administration. It was as vigorous and fierce as would characterize the speech of the most vitriolic campaign orator. Mrs. Hoffman's attack on the President was due to his action on the canteen measure in the United States Army, which was passed by the late Congress and made a law when it received his signature. She stated that the evil effects that the canteen system would produce were pointed out to the President, both by petition and personally. The White House was fairly deluged with petitions from all over the country, signed by tathers, mothers, brothers and sisters, pleating with the President to refrain from signing the law, but to all the pleadings he save a deaf ear.

She charged that he signed the canteen a guide to the advertising to give the advertising to simplify this work and to give the advertising to examine into the character, circulation, and advertising the lawer than the each class, there has been compiled by Nelson Chesman, for publication by the Nelson Chesman, for of all the periodicals printed in the United States and Canada. This forms a book of only fifty-two large pages, and is in convenient form for reference. The arrangement of the matter is original, and made with a view to utility. No attempt is made with a view to utility. No attempt is made with a view to utility. No attempt is made to make it artistic or typographically beautiful. All that is claimed for it is briefly stated in the introductory in these words: "We feel sure that when put to the test as pleadings he save a deaf ear.

She charged that he signed the canteen bill solely to gain the good will of the brewers and distillers to aid him to be re-elected. Again, in the case of Alaska, desperate attempts were made to prohibit the liquor traffic from entering the Territory, but appeals to the President were in vain, Civilization, she said, was being introduced in the Philippines by means of beer, whisky and the bullet. Four hundred saloons are operated now in Manila. She characterized the

yet to see an intexicated Filipino. She asked, "Which needs civilization the most?" ILLINOIS GUARD SCANDAL.

Philippine War as unjust, and quoted from a latter received from a young nurse, pictur-ing the drunkenness that prevailed in the

American Army, and stating that she

Serious Charges Preferred Against a Recently Elected Officer.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Springfield, I.I., Aug. IJ.—Grave charges have been filed with Adjutant General Reace by the Signal Corps of the Illinois National Guard, against Captain John W. McConnell of Chicago, who, during the recent encampment here, was elected commanding officer of the Signal Corps.

The election of Captain McConnell has here confirmed and retailing the confirmed and retailing the content of the signal Corps. been confirmed, and nothing can be some with the charges other than to present them to Governor Tenner upon his return to Illinois. This Adjutant General Recce promised Lieutenant Herrington he would do upon the Governor's return.

Ten charges in all are made, including ex-Ten charges in all are many, incompetency to cessive use of intoxorants, incompetency to command, insulordination willo in the command, insulordination willo in the United States Volunteer service, bringing substitutes to camp to carry the election and bringing liquor into camp.

DEBTS TO BE PAID IN FULL.

New House of Appleton & Co. Has Plenty of Funds.

New York, Aug. 16.—The creditors of D. Appleton & Co., the publishers, will be paid 100 cents on the dollar.

This statement is on the authority of James G. Cannon, chairman of the Reorganization Committee of D. Appleton & Co., Mr. Cannon stated to-day that every claim which was to be extended under the reorganization of the company. reorganization of the company had been deposited with the Metropolitan Trust Company of this city. The proposed reorganization will give the house ample capital to carry on its business.

Reunion Closed.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Lancaster, Tex., Aug. 16.—The annual reunion of Ross's, Ector's and Granbury's
brigades ended this afternoon by the selection of Sulphur Springs as the next
place of meeting and the election of the
following officers: Division officers—President, Captain Morgan, Ector's brigade, of
Pilot Point; secretary, T. F. Skidmore of
Fort Worth; treasurer, Colonel E. R. Hawkins of Greenville; chaplain, I. R. Spence,
Brigade officers—R. A. Rawlins, president;
A. H. Rawlins, treasurer; J. S. Rawlins,
secretary; Miss Addie Rawlins, assistant
secretary; A. W. Spark, chaplain.

Broomcorn Damaged.

Broomcora Damaged.
REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Oakland, Ill., Aug. 16.—One of the heaviest wind and electrical storms in the history of Eastern Illinois was experienced this morning. Much damage was inflicted on growing crops, especially broomcorn, which is now ready to cut. Many fields in this vicinity were laid bare, and it will be impossible to cut the brush. Other fields of the brush are so badly tangled that it will only make half a crop. It is estimated that the damage done to the broomcorn by the rain and wind to-day will reach \$500,000.

Editor A. H. Reed Dead. REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Flora, Ill., Aug. 15.—A. H. Reed, editor Buffalo, N. Y.

Score Brilliant TWO Flaftones. Sunday's Republic.

of the Southern Illinois Journal and one of the most prominent newspaper men of the State, died at his home in this city to-day,

ing—Prisoner Regrels Miss

Drennan's Death,

Owens for the Defense,

Owens for Newspaper and Magazine Advertising.

"We feel sure that when put to the test as a guide to the advertiser, it will be found equal to any published in all matters of information of value and for convenience of arrangements."

The "Brief Manual of Leading Periodicals in the United States and Canada," for such is the name given it by its publishers, is for gratuitous circulation among general advertisers. A large edition is being mailed, and those interested in newspaper and magazine advertising who have been overlooked in the distribution are invited to send to the publishers for a free copy. Address Nelson Chesman & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Chicago, Ill., or Pittsburg, Pa.

Saline County, Ill., Veterans. REPUBLIC SPECIAL
Eldorado, Ill., Aug. 16.—The annual reunion of Saline County veterans closed today. The speakers to-day were Judge
Young of Marion, W. S. Summers of this
place and H. N. Finney of Carrier Mills.
The attendance was good.

Teacher Becomes an Editor.

Teacher Becomes an Editor.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Jerseyville, Ill., Aug. 15.—Eugene B.

Roach, who was until recently principal of
the Rockbridge schools, has became editorial and business manager of the Jersey
County Democrat. He is a brother of Cornelius Roach of the Carthage (Mo.) Demo-



Does not warm except through combustion. Food does not nourish except through digestion. You may as well hug a

coal pile to get warm as expect to get nourish-ment out of food which you cannot digest. Dr.

Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It enables the body to assimilate food and so put on sound flesh and develop strong muscle.

sound flesh and develop strong muscle,
"The praise I would like to give your "Golden
Medical Discovery" I cannot utter in words or
describe with pen." writes James B. Ambrose,
Esq., of 1265 % Mifflin Street, Huntingdon, Pa.
"I was taken down with what our physicians
said was indigestion. I doctored with the best
around here and found no relief. I work you
and you sent me a question blank to fill out and I
did so and you then advised me to use Doctor
Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took three
bottles and I felt so good that I stopped—being
as I think, cured. I have no symptoms of gastric trouble or indigestion now."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay cost of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for paper or 31 stamps for cloth binding, to Dr. R. V. Pierce,

INGALLS' FUNERAL AT HOME, TO-MORROW

Services Will Be Very Simple, in Accordance With Ilis Last Request.

DIED YESTERDAY MORNING.

His Wife Was With Him at Las Vegas, N. M.—He Was Eager for the End.

East Las Vegas, N. M., Aug. 16 .- The reains of ex-United States Senator John J. Ingalis, who died this morning at the Montezuma Hotel, Las Vegas Hot Springs, will be started for Atchison, Kas., his late home, this afternoon, accompanied by Mrs. In-

salls and her youngest son, Sheffield. The body will arrive in Atchison Friday afternoon, and the funeral will be held from the old homestead on Sunday afternoon. In accordance with a special request of Senator Ingalls, every feature of the funeral will be simple. The body will be taken from the Ingalis residence to Trin- family lives. ity Church Sunday afternoon, where the Episcopal service will be read by Bishop

Millspaugh. The interment at Mount Vernon will be and there will be nothing in the nature of a

public demonstration. Broughitis Caused Death.

The direct cause of death was bronchitis. gradually for some time from inability to assimilate his food. There were two heart sit up last evening, however, and his condition was considered slightly better. He had made all his plans to leave for Atchison, where he had expressed a wish to die. and it was intended to start not later than Saturday next.

galis said to-day:
"Father was taken suddenly worse a little after 3 o'clock last evening. The med-ical director of the hotel informed us that my father was not likely to live until morn-

Of the Senator's last hours, Sheffield In-

ing. I left his side at midnight and retired to my room for a short rest. Was Anxious for the End. "My mother, whom he desired not to leave his side, came to my door about 2 o'clock this morning and told me that the end was near. Soon after he lost consciousness and passed peacefully away. He talked to us up to a half hour before he died and repeated the Lord's prayer with my mother some time before he lost consciousness. His conduct all through his illness has been one of great fortitude.

he had telt for the last six months that his me work and career of useruiness was NEWS RECEIVED AT ATCHISON.

was anxious for the end to come, as

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Atchison, Kas., Aug. 16.—The news of the death of ex-United States Senator Ingalis came to the ingulis home here in a tele-gram at 10 o'clock to-day. No surprise was occasioned by the telegram, as the ex-Sen ator's death has been expected by every one here for several days.

Hiness Dated From March, 1899. Mr. Ingalis's miness dates from march, 1888, when, at Washington, his throat began troubling him, rie occupied apartnents at a notes with his ramily and worked steadny, writing political article. for newspapers throughout the country. He was treated by several specialists, but received no remet, and on their advice returned with his family to Atchison. At home he grew no better, though under the

constant attention of a specianst. Ten months ago he again took the advice of paysenans and sought another change in cilmate, traveling through New Mexico and Arizona. He was still able to write occasionally for the newspapers and to attend миния вичиния

Did Not Think He Was Very III. From time to time reports of his serious filness were circulated, but they were in-variably denied, both by the Senator and his tamily. He did not consider his case hopeiess by any means, and only two ntns ago planned to return to Atchison, His youngest son, snemed, met min at Las Vegas, but as the result of a consultation of physicians, he remained in New Mexico. The son returned to Kansas and airs. Ingalls went immediately to Las Vegan,

and has since remained at her husband's On August 14 Mrs. Ingalls telegraphed for her sons, blisworth and Shaffield, that their father was sinking, and they took the next

train for Las Vegus, Leaves Wife and Six Children. Senator Ingalis leaves a window and sold background.

children-Elisworth, Ethel, Raiph, Sheffield. pyrotechnics.

Of his standing in public affairs recently.

SOME FAMOUS WORDS BY JOHN J. INGALLS.

"The purification of politics is an iridescent dream."

"I belong to no church and subscribe to no creed, but I believe in God \$\frac{1}{2} \text{Immortality, and that we shall reap what we sow, here and hereafter." and immortality, and that we shall reap what we sow, here and hereafter." "I am a thoroughly immoral politician and may as well confess my tur-pitude. No disguises will avail me. In this respect I am known to be a

"The man who is unhappy when he is poor would be unhappy if he were rich. A beggar may be happier in his rags than a King in his purple. Happiness is an endowment, and not an acquisition."

"A trust is a thing that knows no politics but plunder and no principles except spoliation of the human race."

"The Golden Rule and the Decalogue have no place in an American political campaign."

"Millionaires are the froth on the beer."

is the wife of Doctor E. G. Blair of Kansas frequent visitor to Washington since his City. Ralph is a commissary in a Kansas retirement from the Senate; but has atregiment, now serving in the Philippines. Constance, the fourth child, married Robert Porter Shick, a business man of Reading, Pa., in which city she died a year ago. Sheffield has for several years practiced

law in Atchison, where the remainder of the WASHINGTON EXPECTED IT.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Washington, Aug. 15.-The death of former Senator Ingalls of Kansas created little surprivate. No funeral sermon will be preached | prise among his acquaintances at the capital. During his visits to this city in the recent past it has been noted that his health was very infirm, and the majority of the former Senator's friends have looked for Senator Ingalis had been growing weaker a fatal termination of his apparent decline. The case of Ingalis illustrates as well as himself called "a statesman out of a tob." complications also. He had been able to As Senator from Kansas and President protempore, he occupied the highest possible standing in Congress. He was rated as a

speaker of great force and readiness. He was, however, so bitter and scathing it times as to incur the distrust of party friends as well as opponents; and when he retired from the Senate he sank at once to the most insignificant of men, so far as any influence in Washington was concerned. It is scarcely too much to say that ex-Sen-

ator Ingalls has been a cipher at the capital Was Splendid Presiding Officer. As presiding officer of the Senate, Mr. Ingalis had no superiors. He studied the rules and decisions until he became an au-thority. The Republic correspondent has upon his desk the volume of "Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies," by L. S. Cushing, which was used by Mr. Ingalls when he was presiding officer of the Senate, and was given by him as a souvenir upon his retirement from that office. It is filled with notations and addenda in the handwriting of Mr. Ingalls, showing the great care and study he devoted to the mas-

Ingalls was not a perfunctory presiding officer. He established precedents and did not merely follow them; he controlled in the Sharp Tongue Made Him Enemies.

With all this ability, however, Ingalls had ew devoted friends. The leaders of his in party, while not underrating his marked ability as a debater, gave him their friend-ship and trust with a marked reservation. Many of them regarded him as venomous. He was looked upon as a man of great wit and poor judgment; a good illustration of the saying "For wit and judgment ever are at strife, though meant to ald each

other, like man and wife."
He would make a life-long enemy any day for the sake of saying a witty thing; and he delighted in the invention of vitriolic expressions, to be applied to Republicans as well as Democrats. Some time ago, when in this city, he gave out an inerview, which appeared in The Republic and was copled quite widely. Referring to President McKinley he quoted Bryant's "Thanatopsis" quite aptly: "Sustained and soothed by an unfaltering trust, he wraps the drapery of his couch about him and lies

down to pleasant dreams."
His Famous Debate With Voorhees. During the latter part of his service in the Senate, Ingalls indulged in a rancorous debate with Voorhees or Indiana. These Senators never exchanged a word after this discussion. It really was the death-blow of both men; of Voorhees, physically, for he felt so much humiliated that from that day he indulged in many foolish excesses in order to lorget it; and of lagalls because the malice and viciousness of his remarks to Voorhees cost him every friend he had on either side of the Senate. From that day the stars of both Voorces and Ingalis declined with swiftness.

The language used by both of them was more fitted to the bartoom and brothel than the Senate. Their best iriends lost confitions, and, in the case of Ingalis, distrust went further, as his party friends never knew when their records might serve as a Senator Ingails leaves a widow and six background for the display of the Ingalls

business man at Sioux Falls, S. D. Ethel there is little to say. Ingalls has been a and possibly a comment as to how insig-nificant a former Republican leader could become by the mutations of time.

WIDOW ARRESTED ALSO. Sensational Developments in Waco

Double Murder Case. REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Waco, Tex., Aug. 16.-The expected sen Waco, Tex., Aug. 16.—The expected sensation growing out of the inquest proceedings in the McLennan-Kingsbury murder case materialized to-day when Mrs. Evi Kingsbury, widow of Myron Kingsbury, one of the murdered men, was arrested on a warrant charging her with murder.

The shocking details of the killing of My ron Kingsbury and Duncan McLennan, Jr. at 2 o'clock on the morning of July 39 are at 2 o'clock on the morning of July 39 are still fresh in the public mind. Mrs. Kings-bury, her husband and their little girl 5 years old, were the only occupants of the Kingsbury residence that Sunday night. Be-tween 2 and 3 o'clock the neighbors were awakened by a commotion at the house and a man's cries for hall, followed recovery

a man's cries for help, followed soon after by the cries of Mrs. Kingsbury. Neighbors rushed to her assistance and found her husband dead and her brother

Reignbors rushed to her assistance and found her husband dead and her brother dying, their throats cut from ear to ear. Bloody tracks led to the barn and out the back way. Duncan McLennan, Sr., 85 years old, was arrested that evening and confessed to the killing, stating that he killed his son through mistake.

The inquest proceedings brought out the fact that Kingsbury carried several life insurance policies, aggregating more than \$30,000. Mrs. Kingsbury was the original beneficiary in all these policies, but \$10,000 had been transferred a short time before the killing to the father of the insured, leaving over \$20,000 in Mrs. Kingsbury's name.

At the conclusion of the inquest a warrant was issued for Mrs. Kingsbury, but owing to her prostration from the nervous strain incident to the tragedy, the papers were not served until to-day. Her statement in the inquest trial was submitted. were not served until to-day. Her statement in the inquest trial was submitted by the state at the examining trial as evidence

against the accused, and Justice Earle fixed her bond at \$5,000.

AGAINST POOR MINERS. Decision Gives Nome Beach to Big

Corporations. Seattle, Wash., Aug. 16.—A decision, just delivered by United States Commissioner Stevens, holds that the sixty-foot roadway along the shore of Bering Sea does not exist, and that if it ever did exist it was done away with by section 26 of the new Alaska code adopted by Congress last June.

A test case was made by Frank Sleger, who refused to move his rocker and quit work when ordered to vacate a location made on the beach at Cape Nome by George W. Beardsley and S. E. Caldon, and known as the Ophir Beach claim. A criminal complaint was made against Sleger and the decision quoted as the result. Sleger has been bound over for appearance at the next term of court. along the shore of Bering Sea does not exis

several large corporations land which been worked by poor miners. Feeling among the miners is running high over the loss of the beach, and every legal effort, it is said, will be made to reverse the decision.

Janes & Kirkland of New York Forced to Suspend. New York, Aug. 16 .- Herbert and Henry E. Janes, doing business under the firm in the Drennans are the cause of my name of Janes & Kirkland, wholesale dealers in hardware, stoves and ranges, made an assignment to-day for the benefit of

HARDWARE HOUSE FAILS.

regitors.
The firm had several large deals on hand and the banks refused to carry them until they could fulfill their contracts and realize on them. The resources are personal prop-erty, \$119,060, and real estate, \$450,000. The liabilities amount to about \$450,000.

Mrs. William Brumley Dead.

Choice of any Man's Suit in the house \$10.00; Young Man's Suit \$2.00; any Boy's Suit \$4.42. Globe, Seventh and Franklin

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Pans, Ill., Aug. 16.—The old settlers' meet-REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 16.—News has just reached this city of the death of Mrs. William Brumley of Scipio, which was caused presumably from injuries received a few days ago while alighting from a wagon.